

TITLE: **PERSONAL HEAT INDEX INDICATOR**

This is a Continuation-in-Part Application, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.53(b), from co-pending U.S. Application Serial Number 09/034,835 filed March 4, 1998

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. **Field of the Invention.**

The present invention relates to a heat index calculator that can easily be carried by a person on a key chain, attached to a watch band or bracelet, etc., and, in particular without limitation, to a portable heat index indicator for providing important atmospheric information to individuals, such as the elderly and recreational athletes, who should be aware of the temperature and heat index. The invention will provide an audible warning when the heat index increases to a level which may be dangerous to a previous safety.

2. **Description of the Related Art.**

Scientists at the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration estimate that heat waves accompanied by high humidity kill approximately 150 people each year in the United States alone. While air temperature alone can create health risks for the elderly, physically active persons, and those with certain health conditions, high temperatures combined with high humidity greatly increase the associated dangers. Specifically, there are levels of temperature and humidity which substantially endanger a person's health and safety. When temperature and humidity increase to a point where health concerns

1 arise, it would be beneficial to have ready access to the heat index and to be warned,
2 audibly or otherwise, of the corresponding dangerous condition.

3 The heat index, which is a function of ambient air temperature and the relative
4 humidity, is sometimes referred to as the apparent temperature and can be readily
5 determined by referring to the following Table 1 provided by the National Weather
6 Service:

Relative Humidity (%)	Air Temperature (°F.)										
	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	105	110	115	120
0	64	69	73	78	83	87	91	95	99	103	107
10	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100	105	111	116
20	66	72	77	82	87	93	99	105	112	120	130
30	67	73	78	84	90	96	104	113	123	135	148
40	68	74	79	86	93	101	110	123	137	151	
50	69	75	81	88	96	107	120	135	150		
60	70	76	82	90	100	114	132	149			
70	70	77	85	93	106	124	144				
80	71	78	86	97	113	136					
90	71	79	88	102	122						
100	72	80	91	108							

TABLE. Apparent Temperature (°F.)

as a function of Relative Humidity (%) and Air Temperature (°F.)

5 For example, the above TABLE discloses that for a situation wherein the ambient air
6 temperature is 95°F. and the relative humidity is eighty percent, the heat index or
7 apparent temperature is 136°F.!

8 At the present time, there are no known devices available which a person can
9 conveniently wear or carry with them and which can determine the heat index directly
10 from measurements of the ambient temperature and relative humidity.

1 Due to the potential harmful effects of heat exhaustion, particularly for the elderly
2 and for those engaged in physical activity, what is needed is ready access to real-time
3 information regarding the ambient air temperature as well as the apparent temperature, or
4 heat index. What is also needed is a light weight, portable device that can be carried by
5 an individual at all times when potential heat exhaustion is a concern. What is further
6 needed is such a device that, at predetermined levels of temperature and humidity when
7 the combination thereof constitutes a heat index that presents a potential danger to human
8 safety, produces an audible or other type of warning signal to alert the wearer of the
9 impending harm.

10 At this time, there are no known devices on the market which perform the
11 calculations necessary to derive the heat index from the ambient air temperature and
12 ambient relative humidity, and which a person can conveniently wear on their person.

14 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

15 An improved device is provided for determining the heat index, the device
16 including a housing member, a control mechanism connected to the housing member, and
17 a power source for operating the control mechanism, wherein the control mechanism is

1 configured to operatively determine and communicate real time to a user the heat index of
2 the user's ambient atmosphere. The control mechanism includes a microprocessor, an air
3 temperature measuring device, and a relative humidity measuring device, wherein the air
4 temperature measuring device and the relative humidity measuring device are configured
5 to respectively determine the user's ambient air temperature and ambient relative
6 humidity and communicate same real time to the microprocessor. The housing member
7 includes a slotted air inlet for exposing the air temperature measuring device and the
8 relative humidity measuring device to the ambient atmosphere.

9 The control mechanism may also include a heat index display mechanism,
10 connected to the microprocessor for displaying the heat index. An optional heat index
11 display switch permits manual activation of displaying the heat index on the heat index
12 display mechanism.

13 The control mechanism may also include a temperature/relative humidity display
14 mechanism, connected to the microprocessor for displaying the ambient temperature and
15 the ambient relative humidity. An optional temperature/relative humidity display switch
16 permits manual activation of displaying the ambient temperature and ambient relative
17 humidity on the temperature/relative humidity display mechanism.

18 The control mechanism may also include a signaling device for signaling the user
19 when the ambient heat index reaches a certain predetermined condition. The signaling
20 device may be configured to provide an audible signal and/or a vibrational signal to the
21 user.

22 The device may also include an attaching mechanism for attaching the housing
23 member to the user.

1 The principal objects and advantages of the invention include: providing a device
2 that is a personal index indicator; providing such a device that is portable; providing such
3 a device that is of a size which can be attached to a wearer, such as to a watch band,
4 bracelet, key chain, or the like; and providing such a device that is accurate, relatively
5 inexpensive to manufacture, is beneficial to the wearer's health and safety, and is well
6 suited for its intended purposes.

7 Other objects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from
8 the following description taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings, which .
9 constitute a part of this specification and wherein are set forth exemplary embodiments of
10 the present invention to illustrate various objects and features thereof.

11 **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

12 Figure 1 is a perspective view of a personal heat index indicator constructed in
13 accordance with the present invention.

14 Figure 2 is a top plan view of the personal heat index indicator, showing the
15 personal heat index indicator attached to a user's watch band.
16

17 Figure 3 is a schematic diagram of the personal heat index indicator, showing the
18 preferred electrical circuit configuration of the present invention.

19 Figure 4 is an electrical block diagram, showing an alternate electrical circuit
20 configuration and alternate display.

21 Figure 5 is an internal view of the device, showing electrical component
22 placement.
23

DETAIL DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As required, detailed embodiments of the present invention are disclosed herein; however, it is to be understood that the disclosed embodiments are merely exemplary of the invention, which may be embodied in various forms. Therefore, specific structural and functional details disclosed herein are not to be interpreted as limiting, but merely as a basis for the claims and as a representative basis for teaching one skilled in the art to variously employ the present invention in virtually any appropriately detailed structure.

The reference numeral 1 generally refers to a personal heat index indicator in accordance with the present invention, as shown in Figs. 1 through 3. The heat index indicator 1 generally comprises a housing member 13, an attaching mechanism 15, and a control mechanism 17.

The housing member 13 generally has side walls 23, a top wall 25, and a bottom wall 27 defining an internal chamber 33 within the housing member 13. Fig. 1 shows the side walls 23 providing the housing member 13 with a substantially rectangular configuration. It is to be understood, however, that the configuration of the housing member 13 may be oval, circular, hexagonal, octagonal, or any other suitable configuration. The housing member 13 has an air inlet 35 configured to operatively allow entry of ambient air into the internal chamber 33.

The attaching mechanism 15, which is connected to the housing member 13, is configured to operatively attach the personal heat index indicator about a member of a user's body, such as the wrist, to an article of the user's wearing apparel, or other suitable attaching arrangement. For example, the attaching mechanism 15 may comprise a pair of attachment clips 43 for attaching the personal heat index indicator 1 to a wristband 45, as

1 shown in Fig. 2. The attachment clips 43 generally include a first clip 47 and a second
2 clip 53 substantially parallel to the first clip 47. Each of the first clip 47 and the second
3 clip 53 further include a top arm 55 and a bottom arm 57. The top arm 55 and the bottom
4 arm 57 each have a first end 63 and a second end 65. The first end 63 of each of the top
5 arms 55 is pivotally connected to the housing member 13, and the first end 63 of each of
6 the bottom arms 57 is fixedly connected to the housing member 13 such that the top arms
7 55 can be actuated generally perpendicularly to a plane formed by the two bottom arms
8 57. The second end 65 of each of the top arms 55 is mated to the second end 65 of the
9 corresponding bottom arm 57, as shown in Fig. 1, such that when the top arms 55 are
10 actuated downwardly, they provide a secure closure with respect to their corresponding
11 bottom arms 57.

12 The use of attachment clips 43 for attaching the personal heat index indicator 1 to
13 a wristband 45 by sliding the bottom arms 57 under the wristband 45 and pressing the top
14 arms 55 downwardly to latch the personal heat index indicator 1 onto the wristband 45 is
15 shown in Fig. 2. It is to be understood, however, that any other suitable method of
16 securing the personal heat index indicator 1 is within the nature and scope of the present
17 invention including, without limitation, a hook and loop fastener arrangement for
18 placement on items of clothing, a spring loaded clip for attachment to a zipper pull or key
19 chain, an arrangement wherein the personal heat index indicator 1 is sewn into an article
20 of clothing, such as a hat or in the fabric of athletic shoes, etc.

21 The control mechanism 17 includes an air temperature measuring device 73, such
22 as a Model EL-700 RTD temperature sensor as provided by HyCal, Inc. of El Monte,
23 California, or other suitable device for measuring ambient air temperature. The control

1 mechanism 17 also includes relative humidity measuring device 75, such as a Model IH-
2 3605 IC humidity sensor as also provided by HyCal, Inc., or other suitable device for
3 measuring ambient relative humidity. Additionally, the control mechanism also includes
4 a microprocessor 77 programmed and configured to combine real-time temperature data
5 provided by the air temperature measuring device 73 with the real-time relative humidity
6 data provided the relative humidity measuring device 75 to determine the ambient heat
7 index/apparent temperature.

8 The control mechanism 17 also includes a display mechanism 83 appropriately
9 connected to the microprocessor 77 for displaying the heat index resulting from the
10 ambient temperature and relative humidity conditions. The display mechanism 83 may
11 comprise light-emitting diodes, or other suitable, preferably low power display device.

12 The procedure utilized by the microprocessor 77 for determining the heat index
13 from the measured temperature and relative humidity data may be by appropriately
14 applying a preprogrammed formulation known to those skilled in the art, by appropriately
15 extracting data from a lookup table providing heat index as a function of temperature and
16 relative humidity similar to that hereinbefore shown in the TABLE which procedure may
17 include extrapolation for greater accuracy if desired, or any other suitable procedure for
18 determining heat index from the measured temperature and relative humidity data.

19 A power source 85, such as a small battery similar to those used to power wrist
20 watches that is containable within the internal chamber 33, or other suitable power
21 source, is connected to the control mechanism 17, including the microprocessor 77 and
22 the display mechanism 83, to provide energy for operating the various components of the
23 personal heat index indicator 1.

1 The personal heat index indicator 1 generally includes a display switch 87 that,
2 when manually depressed, causes the heat index determined by the personal heat index
3 indicator 1 to be displayed on the display mechanism 83. If desired, the personal heat
4 index indicator 1 may include another display mechanism 93, similar to the display
5 mechanism 83, but configured to display the temperature and relative humidity as
6 measured by the air temperature measuring device 73 and the relative humidity
7 measuring device 75. In that event, another display switch 95 is configured to cause the
8 measured ambient air temperature and relative humidity to be displayed by the display
9 mechanism 93 upon manual depression thereof. It is to be understood that either or both
10 of the display switch 87 and the display switch 95 may be omitted if continuous display
11 of the display mechanism 83 and/or the display mechanism 93 is desired.

12 The personal heat index indicator 1 generally also includes a signaling mechanism
13 97 for signaling the user when a predetermined heat index condition or level is met. For
14 example, the signaling mechanism 97 may include a transducer for emitting audible
15 sounds designed to alert the user that potentially unsafe ambient conditions exist. The
16 signaling mechanism 97 may be electronically triggered when a predetermined value of
17 heat index condition is calculated and extracted from a lookup table. Alternatively or
18 additionally, particularly for the hearing impaired, the signaling mechanism 97 may be
19 configured to physically vibrate when a predetermined heat index condition or level is
20 met, again, to thereby alert the user that potentially unsafe ambient conditions exist.
21 Further, either alternatively or additionally, the signaling mechanism 97 may include a
22 light-emitting mechanism that flashes when a predetermined heat index is reached.

23 It is to be understood that, preferably, the various components, particularly the air

1 temperature measuring device 73, the relative humidity measuring device 75, and the
2 microprocessor 77, are located within the internal chamber 33 of the housing member 13.

3 With the micro-miniaturization techniques presently available, it is conceivable that the
4 personal heat index indicator ¹~~1~~ may be incorporated directly into the housing of a wrist
5 watch, thereby allowing display of the pertinent information on the digital display of the
6 watch itself. It is also conceivable that the various components of the personal heat index
7 indicator 1 may be incorporated into the on-board computer system of an automobile.

8 Figure 3 shows the process and function of the components located within the
9 molded housing. These include a combined air temperature sensing device and a relative
10 humidity sensing device 74, a microcontroller 77 to receive the output of the sensing
11 device, and circuit components consisting of a display driver circuit 18 to process the
12 output of the microcontroller 77 into a format usable by the LCD display 83 to present
13 the measured and calculated values from the circuitry in a user-readable form 83. A
14 combined sensor switch 23 allows the user to manually operate the device to display the
15 heat index at the push of a button 95 associated with switch 23. The power source 85 in
16 the preferred embodiment may consist of nickel-cadmium, mercury, or lithium calculator-
17 type batteries, or may consist of a solar cell panel and associated interface circuitry or
18 both. There is no basic difference between the two implementations of the power supply,
19 and the produced configuration would depend upon the intended user and the market
20 demand. A piezoelectric sonic alarm 97 would also be included in the circuitry within the
21 housing.

22 In the preferred embodiment of the instrument, the temperature sensing device 77
23 and humidity sensing device 75 might be combined in one unit 74 and consist of Vaisala

Environmental Measurements part number 17204HM Humichip, or Honeywell
MicroSwitch part number HIH-3605, or any similar device which is capable of one-chip
sensing of air temperature and relative humidity at low voltages and low power. In
alternate embodiments, separate sensors as shown in Figure 4 could be used. Small, low-
power devices for separate measurement of temperature and relative humidity are well
known and widely available.

In the preferred embodiment, the heat index calculation would be performed by a
microcontroller 77 from the very popular 80C51 family. The preferred device would be
an 87C554 single-chip 8-bit microcontroller which contains a 16k-by-8 non-volatile
OTP EPROM, a 512-by-8 read/write data memory, five 8-bit input/output (I/O) ports, one
8-bit input port, 2 standard 16-bit timer/event counters, a 15-source 4-priority-level
nested interrupt structure, an 8-channel 10-bit analog-to-digital converter (ADC), an on-
chip oscillator, and timing circuits. The ADC converters would be used to convert the
analog voltages from the temperature sensor 73 and humidity sensor 75 for combined unit
74 to the digital format required by the microcontroller. The heat index calculation
would be accomplished by comparing the sensor data to the heat index values (as shown
in Table 1, Page 2) in a look-up table stored in the microcontroller 77 memory.

The output of the microcontroller 77 would be the heat index numerical value in
digital form. A display driver 18 will convert the digital data from the microcontroller 77
into the standard form required by the LCD display 83. A separate output of the
microcontroller 77 would be used to energize the piezoelectric sonic alarm 97 at a
predetermined value of the heat index.

1 In an alternate embodiment of the invention, as shown in Figure 4, the major
2 differences are the use of separate sensors; and the addition of separate switches
3 temperature 24, humidity 25, and heat index 26 for individual selection of the
4 measurement to be observed on the display 83. The alternate embodiment as shown is
5 functionally equivalent to the preferred one.

6 Figure 5 shows the preferred embodiment of the invention as implemented on a
7 printed circuit board within the component housing. The power supply 85 is shown as 3
8 separate calculator-type batteries, although one lithium cell, or the alternate solar cell and
9 interface circuit may be used. All of these options are functionally equivalent and no
10 preference is attached to them other than that dictated by user demand through the
11 market.

12 In an application of the present invention, ambient air is received through the air
13 inlet 35 and exposed to the air temperature measuring device 73 and the relative humidity
14 measuring device 75, which respectively determine the temperature and the relative
15 humidity thereof. The resultant temperature data and relative humidity data are
16 electronically communicated real-time by the air temperature measuring device 73 and
17 the relative humidity measuring device 75 to the microprocessor 77 which, in turn,
18 determines the heat index corresponding to the communicated temperature data and
19 relative humidity data and communicates those results to the display mechanism 83.
20 Additionally, if appropriate, the microprocessor 77 also activates the signaling device 97.

21 It is also to be understood that a thermohygrometer can be modified to include a
22 microprocessor as hereinbefore described to provide a heat index readout. Further, a

1 microprocessor can conceivably be added to a combination thermostat humidistat to
2 provide a heat indicator within the nature and scope of the present invention.

3 Whereas the present invention has been described in relation to the drawings
4 attached hereto, it should be understood that other and further modifications, apart from
5 those shown or suggested herein, may be made within the spirit and scope of this
6 invention.